



# Three Star Approach country example: *Lao PDR*

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	Water for Use	Drinking Water	Latrines and Urinals	School	Personal Hygiene	Deworming
*	1.2. School uses water economically.  1.1. School has enough water for daily use taken from multiple sources.	2.2. Homeroom teachers monitor cleanliness of students' drinking water containers.      2.1. All students drink safe and clean water.	3.2. School maintains and repairs toilets when they malfunction.  3.1. School has clean and safe toilets for students that can be used regularly.	4.1. Classroom interiors and exteriors are clean.	5.1. School promotes personal hygiene.	6.1. 50-70% of pre- school, primary, and lower secondary students have taken deworming tablets.
**	1.4. School maintains and repairs water systems when they malfunction.  1.3. School has improved water source to control water impurities.	2.4. School places drinking water stations at suitable locations so that all students can drink water conveniently and safely.  2.3. School provides clean and safe drinking water to students of at least 0.5 liters/person/day.	3.3. The school has toilets that are convenient to use for girls when they are experiencing menstruation, and there are handwashing facilities with soap that are used regularly.	4.3. School environment is in accordance with hygienic standards.  4.2. Food shops and kitchens are clean.	5.2. Students maintain personal hygiene.	6.2. 71-85% of pre- school, primary, and lower secondary students have taken deworming tablets.
***	1.6. All students, including students with disabilities, can conveniently and safely use water.  1.5. The School already has an improved water source.	2.5. School ensures that drinking water is clean, safe and sufficient (1 liter/person/day).	3.4. School has sufficient toilets and urinals according to standards which are convenient to use for students with disabilities.	4.5. Community relations.  4.4. Food and drinks are safe to consume.	5.3. All students exhibit good behavior in maintaining their own personal hygiene, including girls when they are experiencing menstruation.	6.3. 86-100% of pre- school, primary, and lower secondary students have taken deworming tablets.

## Motivation: Recognition or Incentive



#### > Recognition

Praise motivates and encourages schools to make progress in implementing WASH in schools. Schools will receive praise when they are able to progress from a school without a star to a 1 star school, then from a 1 star school to a school with 2 stars, and from a school with 2 stars to a school with 3 stars.

#### > Types of Recognition:

- A school achieving 1 star: school and community will receive recognition letter from Dirstict Education and Support Bureau (DESB).
- A school achieving 2 stars: will receive recognition letter from Provincial Education and Suports Service (PESS).
- A school achieving 3 stars: will receive recognition from the department at the central level.
- A school achieving 3 stars and maintain their 3 star level over 3 consecutive years: will be specifically recognized and receive recognition tag from the Ministerial level or from the Ministry.

The 3 Star Approach is implemented in order to ensure quality and sustainability of education development, but not for giving recognition award only

#### 3.4. School has sufficient toilets 1.6. All students, including students with 2.5. School ensures that drinking 4.5. Community relations. disabilities, can conveniently and safely use water is clean, safe and sufficient and urinals according to

disabilities, can conveniently and safely use water.  1.6.1. All students, including students with disabilities, can conveniently and safely access water distribution points.  1.5. School already has an improved water source.  1.5.1. Water source at school has already been improved.	2.5. School ensures that drinking water is clean, safe and sufficient (1 liter/person/day). 2.5.1. School provides clean, safe and sufficient drinking water of at least 1 liter/person/day.  2.4. School places drinking water stations at suitable locations so that all students can drink water	3.4. School has sufficient toilets and urinals according to standards which are convenient to use for students with disabilities.  3.4.1. The ratio of toilets to students is not over 50 students per 1 toilet;  3.4.2. The ratio of urinals to male students is not over 100 students per urinal;  3.4.3. There are toilets which can be used by students with disabilities.  3.3. The school has toilets that are convenient to use for girls when they are experiencing	4.5.1. School cooperates with Village Education Development Committee (VEDC) and students' guardians to maintain cleanliness of school environment.  4.4. Food and drinks are safe to consume. 4.4.1. Cooks and waiters dress appropriately and cleanly; 4.4.2. Cooking and food containers are clean and safe.  4.3. School environment is in accordance with hygienic standards.	their own personal hygiene, including girls when they are experiencing menstruation.  5.3.1. All students always wash their hands with soap before meals and after using the toilet;  5.3.2. All students brush their teeth at school every day;  5.3.3. School stock sanitary napkins in case of emergencies for female students experiencing menstruation;  5.3.4. All students are physically clean, including their clothes.  5.2. Students maintain personal hygiene.  5.2.1. A majority of students always wash their hands with soap before meals and after using the	6.3. 86-100% of pre-school, primary, and lower secondary students have taken deworming tablets. 6.3.1 More than 85% of children ages 5-14 years old have taken deworming pills.  6.2. 71-85% of pre-school, primary, and lower secondary students have taken				
repair of water systems are included; 1.4.2. Water systems function normally; 1.4.3. Water containers function and are clean.  1.3. School has improved water source to control water impurities. 1.3.1. On school grounds, there is an improved water source and water used from external sources also comes from an improved source.	conveniently and safely.  2.4.1. School places drinking water stations at suitable and safe locations where students can conveniently access drinking water at all times:  2.4.2. Drinking water containers function and are clean.  2.3. School provides clean and safe drinking water to students of at least 0.5 liters/person/day.  2.3.1. School can provide clean and safe drinking water to students of at least 0.5 liters/person/day;  2.3.2. All students have their own drinking water container or cup.	menstruation, and there are handwashing facilities with soap that are used regularly.  3.3.1. Toilets are gender-separated between boys and girls;  3.3.2. There are waste baskets available at female toilets;  3.3.3. There are hand washing facilities with soap and water in the vicinity of the toilets.	4.3.1. School has a wastewater drainage system; 4.3.2. There is elimination of mosquito breeding sources; 4.3.3. School separates and disposes of garbage.  4.2. Food shops and kitchens are clean. 4.2.1. Food shops and kitchens are clean.	with scap before means and after using the toilet;  5.2.2. <u>A majority of</u> students brush their teeth at school every day;  5.2.3. <u>A Majority of</u> students are physically clean, including their clothes.	deworming tablets.  6.2.1. More than 71% of children ages 5-14 years old have taken deworming pills.				
1.2.1. All teachers and students use water economically.  1.1. School has enough water for daily use taken from multiple sources.  1.1.1. School has enough water for use in all activities at school.	2.2. Homeroom teachers monitor cleanliness of students' drinking water containers.     2.2.1. Students' drinking water containers or cups are clean.      2.1. All students drink safe and clean water.      2.1.1. All students drink clean water at school.	3.2. School maintains and repairs toilets when they malfunction. 3.2.1. There is a daily cleaning schedule for toilets; 3.2.2. School maintains and repairs toilets.  3.1. School has clean and safe toilets for students that can be used regularly. 3.1.1. There is at least one improved toilet at school; 3.2.1. Toilets are clean and safe; 3.1.1. Students use toilets.	4.1. Classroom interiors and exteriors are clean.  4.1.1. Classroom interiors and exteriors are clean;  4.1.2. Students dispose garbage in waste baskets;  4.1.3. There is a daily cleaning schedule for both classroom interiors and exteriors;  4.1.4. School has a central garbage disposal area;  4.1.5. Cleaning equipment and supplies are available.	5.1. School promotes personal hygiene.  5.1.1. School disseminates information about personal hygiene;  5.1.2. All students practice group handwashing with soap activity everyday;  5.1.3. Homeroom teachers monitor students' personal cleanliness everyday;  5.1.4. Teachers advise students on menstrual hygiene and how to dispose of used sanitary napkins.	6.1. 50-70% of pre-school, primary, and lower secondary students have taken deworming tablets.  6.1.1. More than 50% of children ages 5-14 years old have taken deworming pills.				
1. Water for Use	2. Drinking Water	3. Toilets	4. School Environment	5. Personal Hygiene	6. Deworming				

standards for WASH in Primary Schools

5.3. All students exhibit good behavior in maintaining

their own personal hygiene, including girls when they

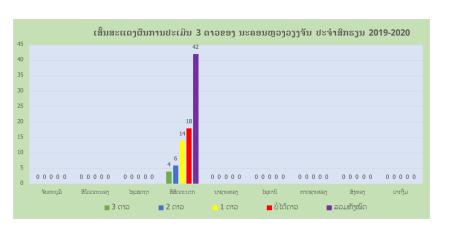
6.3. 86-100% of pre-school,





- Develop WASH in School Standard
- Develop indicator and guideline
- Testing in 83 kindergartens and 66 primary schools
- Revise
- Get approval from MOES
- Scale up







## Challenges and Changes Seen

### >Impact

- Many School uses the result of the assessment to discuss with VEDC to improve their WASH
- District use data as a tool to encourage their school to improve WASH in School (show it in regular meeting and discuss)

## **≻**Challenges

- Turn from half Paper base and offline to full digital online system
- Data storage

## Next Steps



- > ECE
- Orientation for 12 provinces and one district from each province
- **>**GE
- Reorientation for 3 provinces and 6 districts



## Thank You

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